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Write us for quotations.
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JAYTON'S MURDERER.
Jones Offers a Reward of
\$100,000 for Him.
Ga., November 23.—Governor
Arkwright wires the Journal today
that he has offered a reward of \$100,000 for the
conviction of the murderer of
Jayton, who was assassinated in Flum-
Ark., in November, 1888. Luther
Edward guard at Pitts, Ga., tells
that he knows the murderer
and sufficient evidence to convict him,
a reward of \$500 would be no in-
centive to disclose the guilty party. If
he is reliable the murderer of
Jayton is probably a convict who is now
in the Georgia penitentiary.

DECOYS ARE LEGAL.
Carrier Gets Three Years for
Receiving Deceit Letters.
Ga., November 23.—Judge Adams
of the State district court has sen-
tenced J. O'Neill, a letter carrier,
to three years in the penitentiary for
theft of the mails. O'Neill was
arrested by means of a decoy
letter. His attorney brought the
case before the court, but the
decoy letter was not valid, he
was not really mail matter, so they
really intended for anybody.
Adams decided the attorney
could not stand and after several
O'Neill, instead of sentence.

Incidence in Ketchikan Case.
Ga., November 23.—A curious phase
of the Ketchikan case developed today.
The interested in the outcome have been
to each other and have been near
to this city. They are Mrs. Ketchikan,
Mrs. Frank L. Titus, niece of
Ketchikan, ex-mayor of Emporia, Kan.,
Mrs. Ketchikan, then 15 years
old and died shortly afterward
of pneumonia. Mrs. Titus was
killed at the time of the trial in
the memory of John Walkup, the trial
jury for murder and the speedy
acquittal.

Strange coincidence Mabel Wallace
Titus has been living within a
few miles of each other in Chicago, but
the existence of the other
was not until the sensation over the
J. B. Ketchikan again drew public
attention. Mabel Wallace (Mrs. Ketchikan)
Mrs. Titus knew that the wo-
man was acquitted of having caused
the death of her uncle had been in her
room.

Died of His Injuries.
Galveston, Texas, November 23.—The
colored boy, Carlton Mitchell, who was run
out of the street last night and who
was out of the street last night and who
died tonight at the Sealy hospital.

International and Great Northern Railroad
Operates the Finest Through Train in Texas.
The I. & G. N. "Fast Mail" Train
ONLY ONE DAY TO MEMPHIS, ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO,
CINCINNATI, ETC., TWO DAYS TO NEW YORK.
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STEEL, 37x24x101,
of best quality,
soft and smooth;
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Liberal advances, quick sales and
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MACATEE & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
And Commission Merchants.
Importers of Portland and Roswell
Cement, Lime, Plaster, Fire Brick
Yokohama, Japan, etc.
Drain Pipe, Acme Cement Plaster,
Asphalt Roofing, etc. Liberal advances

REACHES BARCELONA.

The Exonerated ex-Captain General
Lands in Spain

TWO ACCOUNTS OF HIS RECEPTION
Will Pose as the Champion of "Na-
tional Production."

OPPOSES CUBAN AUTONOMY.
Regrets His Recall, Expresses Con-
tempt for Newspapers and Jus-
tifies His Course

Barcelona, November 23.—General Weyler, the former captain general of Cuba, arrived here this morning on board the steamer Montserrat from Havana. The general landed beneath the Columbus monument at 10 a. m. and was acclaimed by about 20,000 people. In order to escape the manifestation, the general was driven to the house of Deputy Saladrigas, where, however, he was forced to appear on the balcony and was applauded by the crowds of people who had gathered about the house. A number of bands and choirs took part in the welcome accorded to General Weyler.

The Montserrat boats were decorated with flags and the general, accompanied by General Montero, entered the carriage of Deputy Saladrigas. On the way to the latter's home, General Weyler cried: "Long live National production."

The general also called for cheers for Spain and "Spanish Cuba," which met with enthusiasm from the populace.

The general will remain in Barcelona for two days and on leaving here will go to Palma, Island of Majorica, his birthplace, where the inhabitants have been preparing to give him a hearty welcome home. He will arrive in Madrid about the middle of December.

It is understood in Barcelona that General Weyler will hold aloof from the Carlists and republicans, but he desires to pose as the champion of "national production," aims at the reorganization of the conservative party and in order to realize his protectionist ideal he will vigorously oppose the granting of tariff autonomy to Cuba.

Madrid, November 23.—The official report of the landing of General Weyler at Barcelona differs from the independent reports. The former says the general landed without the demonstration in his honor assuming the proportions anticipated and that as he traversed the streets the public appeared indifferent.

Continuing, the official version of the affair adds that six gala carriages awaited the general, but that the crowd was small, little enthusiasm manifested, that there were no delegations of students or politicians and that no windows were decorated.

After the crowd about Deputy Saladrigas' house had cheered General Weyler until he appeared on the balcony, the former commander of the Spanish forces in Cuba cried: "Long live the king, Spanish Cuba and national labor."

Addressing an industrial delegation which waited upon him later, General Weyler said he had always been a protectionist and was resolved to defend the cause of national production. Continuing, General Weyler remarked: "I have never been a politician, but I am simply a Spanish soldier. During my stay in Cuba I did my utmost to improve the lot of the soldiers and now I shall devote myself to improving the lot of the workmen."

In a subsequent speech he accused the United States of "desiring to seize Cuban commerce by hunting Spaniards, who would die of starvation." He declared, amid applause, that he would "never cease to defend Spanish interest in the Antilles."

General Weyler's declarations are generally approved here. During the day General Weyler had a long conference with the captain general of Catalonia. The friends of General Weyler say the popular demonstration was not so big today because he was not expected to arrive here until tomorrow, when it was intended to make a great demonstration in his honor.

The friends of General Weyler now claim that he has shown his loyalty by calling for cheers for the king which he appeared on the balcony of Deputy Saladrigas' house.

WEYLER TALKS.
He Feels Chagrined at His Recall and Abuses Newspapers.
Barcelona, November 23.—General Weyler, addressing a number of his friends, shortly after his arrival here, expressed great regret at his recall from Cuba, adding that he was particularly annoyed at the attitude of certain newspapers, which declared he favored the insurgents. Continuing, the general remarked: "Spanish soldier, however, have the same contempt for these papers as they have for filibusters."

Referring to the concentration of the Cuban peasants near the towns of the island, General Weyler explained that he deemed such a step necessary because they were

the most devoted friends of the enemy."

In regard to autonomy, General Weyler said: "Autonomy in Cuba would be most unfortunate for national industry. The riches of Cuba belong to Spain and autonomy means the disappearance of Spanish industry and complete misery throughout the island. There is at least much reason for Catalonia, the Balearic Islands and the other provinces to ask for autonomy as Cuba."

REFORMS TO BE GRANTED.
Premier Sagasta Becomes Very Liberal to Cuba.

Madrid, November 23.—Senator Sagasta's reply today to a Catalan deputation formally declared that the government of Spain could in no way modify its programme of autonomy for Cuba. Continuing, the premier expressed the hope that the Cuban assembly would elect a commission which would co-operate with a Spanish commission in determining the commercial relations between Cuba and Spain by consulting their mutual interests. This is interpreted as meaning that the cabinet will adopt the scheme of Senor Moret, the minister for the colonies, who, as cabled to the Associated Press yesterday, announced to the Catalan delegation that he had fully considered the general interests of the colonies, and was convinced that his policy alone would lead to a peaceful solution. Continuing, Senor Moret explained to the Catalan delegates that in dealing with the colonies, national, and not merely industrial, interests must be considered.

In conclusion the minister announced his intention of maintaining his opinions before the cabinet, and if his colleagues disagreed with him he was prepared to resign, which step now seems to have been avoided.

Senor Puigcerver, minister of finance, when receiving the Catalan deputations, spoke in substantially the same vein as Senor Sagasta.

The cabinet in council has approved the article in the autonomy scheme giving the Cubans the control of the customs. Its terms will not be published until it has received the sanction of the queen regent.

In addition to the granting of autonomous tariff for Cuba, the following reforms have been promised:

The chamber of deputies of the island shall be composed of twenty-five and fifty members, a deputy for each 40,000 of the population.

The governor general is to choose from this chamber five members to form an executive committee, consisting of a president and ministers of the interior, finance, justice and public works.

The governor general shall have the right to veto legislation.

URUGUAYAN ORIGIN APPROACHES.
Cuevas Advised to Proclaim Himself Dictator.

Montevideo, November 23.—The Hercecieta party has issued a manifesto proposing ex-President Gomboso for the presidency in succession to the late President Borda. The adherents of Senor Cuevas, the president of the interior, formerly president of the senate, are urging him to overthrow the senate and proclaim himself dictator.

Montevideo, November 23.—Senor Gomboso has consented to be a candidate for the presidency, and he will receive the support of the united groups opposed to Senor Cuevas.

London, November 24.—A dispatch to the Times from Montevideo says that the candidacy of Senor Gomboso in opposition to Senor Cuevas is a mere trick to defeat public opinion. Senor Gomboso is 87 years old and decrepit and could not possibly discharge the functions of the executive.

The Times correspondent asserts that the conflict between the people and parliament becomes daily more threatening, and that unless the chamber submits a revolution is more than probable.

REMARKS DISTASTEFUL.
Apeseguia's Defense of Weyler Rejected by Conservatives.

Havana, November 23.—The statement credited to the Marquis of Apeseguia, leader of the conservative party in Cuba, in interviews in New York, while on his way from Spain via that city, are producing displeasure among the followers of the marquis here, particularly his remarks to the effect that General Weyler did not deserve the abuse or criticism he has received, etc.

Such allegations, coming from a conservative leader, who is credited with having brought about the recall of Weyler from Cuba, are resented, and are classed as being on a par with the utterances and behavior of those who are taking part in the demonstration in honor of the former captain general of this island. As a result, it is believed an open rupture between the conservatives and the marquis will follow his return here.

IS AN AMERICAN.
Peralta, Under Sentence of Death, Wants Naturalization Papers.

Cincinnati, November 23.—Application has been made to the probate court for the naturalization papers of J. G. Peralta, now under sentence of death in Havana.

Peralta was captured with a party of Cuban insurgents near Havana three weeks ago. The Cubans were shot, but Peralta was given until December 1 to prove his citizenship of the United States. His papers were destroyed in the court house fire but there is ample evidence to enable the court to send to secretary Sherman proof of his citizenship.

Peralta has a heavy claim against the Spanish government for property destroyed in Cuba.

Spanish Soldiers Unable to Battle.
Havana, November 23.—General Aguirre, it is stated from headquarters, was astonished to find at the railway station at San Juan Domingo a number of weak, pale and thin soldiers. He asked them where they were going and they replied that they were on their way to the district hospital at Sagua. But as the men were evidently unable to travel the general ordered them to return to the local hospital at Santa Domingo until they were able to perform active service, even to the extent of transporting themselves to the larger hospital.

Cuban Expedition Talked Of.
Beville, Texas, November 23.—A rumor meeting of the "Cuba Libre" club was held at the Mexican hall Saturday night. A number of speeches were made and a neat sum of money was raised for the Cuban cause.

Two or three Cuban agents are in the city, and there are rumors of an expedition that will leave Corpus Christi shortly



WRITING HIS MESSAGE.

A SUMMARY OF TODAY'S IMPORTANT NEWS.

CUBA. POLITICAL.

General Weyler at Barcelona, and in addressing friends expressed regret at his recall and incidentally roared the newspapers. He violently opposes autonomy.

Marshall Blanco authorized to use \$10,000 to assist the needy peasants. Conservatives in Cuba criticize the Marquis of Apeseguia for his defense of Weyler.

J. G. Peralta, under sentence of death in Havana, applies for naturalization papers, the original documents having been lost in the Cincinnati custom house fire.

FOREIGN.

Prince Henry of Prussia to command Germany's fleet in Chinese waters. Chinese appeal to Russia to oust Germany from the Shan Tun peninsula.

London Times correspondent predicts the eventual adoption of the silver dollar from the North Pole to Patagonia, which he says would add to American preponderance.

England is claiming that America is doing work heretofore done by Great Britain. Powers have decided to blockade Constantinople if Turkish troops are not withdrawn from Crete.

DOMESTIC.

George W. Schiffer arrives in New York from Port Limon and reports having been maltreated by Colombian officials.

Governor Jones of Arkansas offers \$500 reward for the arrest of the assassin of General Clayton. The crime occurred in 1888.

Grief and chagrin because his father was a defaulter caused James Charley, Jr., to commit suicide at Milwaukee.

Second trial of Martin Thorne for the killing of Goldensuppe. He will swear Mrs. Nack did the killing.

The tragedy of Bayou LaCumb, La., was caused by a feud started by women. Only three new cases of fever at New Orleans and one at Mobile.

Another man alleged to be Dunham, the California murderer, has been arrested in Arkansas.

The president has practically completed his forthcoming message to congress.

Formal charges of irregularities filed against United States Commissioner J. W. Smith of Dyce, Alaska.

Republican administration is making big estimates of what it will require to run the government.

SPORT.

Sercurity of small game to Wharton county shows a stringent game law was needed.

McCoy-Freeman fight will take place at Long Island City.

Royal Standard, the champion coach of Chicago, turns out to be a flatter.

Rev. Charles R. Day, chancellor of Syracuse university, defends football. Trustees of the Northwestern university of Chicago may bar football.

APPEALS TO RUSSIA.

Chinese Want the Germans to Leave Shan Tun.

OCCUPATION MAY BE PERMANENT.

This Phase Agitates Both Eastern and European Diplomats.

BAD FAITH WAS MANIFEST.

China Had Agreed to Make All the Amends Demanded by Germany and Was Taken Unwary.

New York, November 23.—According to a Washington dispatch to the Herald, China has appealed to Russia to oust Germany from her territory, as the result of the occupation by a German force of a part of the Shan Tun peninsula.

As the Russian legation in Peking is in charge of the secretary, Count Cassini, the minister having been transferred to Washington as the diplomatic representative of Russia, the negotiations on the subject are being conducted at St. Petersburg. It is hoped by the Chinese that the influence exerted by Russia, which prevented the rehabilitation of the Turkish navy, will be exercised upon Germany with equal success in the matter of her withdrawal from Chinese territory.

Notwithstanding the efforts of the Chinese government to get Germany to name a date when she would withdraw her forces, the German government has taken no steps in the matter, and the fear is expressed in Eastern and European diplomatic circles that her occupation, if not of a permanent character, is simply a preliminary to such an end. A diplomat thoroughly conversant with Eastern affairs made this statement in regard to the landing of the German forces:

"At the time of the landing, the Chinese government had already taken measures for the amends of the murderers of the German missionaries, and, in fact, instructions of this character had been obeyed to such an extent that several of the culprits had been placed under arrest. It was also intended to require the people of the district in which the murder occurred to pay a suitable indemnity."

"These facts had been laid before the German minister at Peking, who, I may say, is of a very excitable temperament, and his failure to accept the apology and wait the result of the effort of the Chinese government show that Germany was simply awaiting a pretext to occupy a portion of the territory belonging to the Celestial kingdom."

"Germany has always been anxious to obtain territory in the far East, where her citizens who have established themselves in China have been especially clamorous that the black, white and red flag should wave over a section of that country, and their government, seeing the opportunity growing out of the murder of the two missionaries, promptly seized it."

"The attitude of the other European governments is interesting. None of the latter are desirous to see Germany obtain a slice of Eastern territory, though it is said she landed after having informed them of her purpose. I believe China's representations being made by the latter government to the Berlin officials."

It will be only in case of pressure, I believe, that Germany will withdraw her troops from the Shan Tun peninsula."

PRINCE HENRY TO COMMAND.

Berlin, November 23.—The newspapers of this city report that Prince Henry of Prussia, brother of Emperor William, is to take command of the German squadron in Chinese waters.

AGAIN WANTS A DIVORCE.

Prague, November 23.—A newspaper of this city says that ex-King Milan of Serbia is again seeking to divorce his wife, Natalie. In order that he may marry Armetia Christie, the divorced wife of his former secretary, and by whom the former king has a son.

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